WOOD DALE PARK DISTRICT WOOD DALE, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Prepared by the Finance Department

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

As of April 30, 2024

BOARD OF PARK COMMISSIONERS

Dorothy Lange, President Georgia Schroeder, Vice President Denice Sbertoli, Secretary Greg Stimpson, Treasurer Eugene Wesley, Commissioner

ADMINISTRATIVE

Jon Marquardt, Executive Director
Victoria Montejo, Director of Finance & Administration
Ben Appler, Director of Parks and Facilities
Peter Pope, Director of Golf Operations
Brittany Lynam, Director of Recreation Services

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE

111 E. Foster Ave. Wood Dale, IL 60191 630-595-9333 FINANCIAL SECTION

JOSEPH R. JULIUS, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

5410 NEWPORT DRIVE - SUITE 23 ROLLING MEADOWS, ILLINOIS 60008 847 / 394-9200

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Wood Dale Park District, Wood Dale, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wood Dale Park District, Wood Dale, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wood Dale Park District, Wood Dale, Illinois, as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Wood Dale Park District, Wood Dale, Illinois, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Wood Dale Park District, Wood Dale, Illinois's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wood Dale Park District, Wood Dale, Illinois's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Wood Dale Park District, Wood Dale, Illinois's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Wood Dale Park District, Wood Dale, Illinois's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison information, schedule of cash and investments, schedule of real estate assessed valuation and tax levies, and the long term debt schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Rolling Meadows, Illinois December 10, 2024

osph R. Julis LO.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

The Wood Dale Park District management's discussion and analysis is offered to readers of the Park District's financial statements to: (1) summarize the financial highlights of the Park District, (2) present an overview of the Park District's financial position, (3) evaluate the Park District's recent activities resulting in net asset changes, (4) examine significant differences between the original budget, the final amended budget and final results, (5) review material changes in capital position and long-term debt, and (6) recognize current facts or conditions that will impact the Park District.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and follow the guidelines of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments." This standard requires financial reporting for the Park District in conformity with full accrual accounting, including the reporting of all capital assets net of depreciation.

Financial Highlights

- Net position, which is assets minus liabilities and deferred inflows, totaled \$9,033,143 as of April 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$6,989,493 is invested in capital assets, net of any related debt, \$687,509 are funds that are restricted from general use, and \$1,356,141 is considered unrestricted for general use.
- Net position for business-type activities is \$5,319,533 as of April 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$5,368,038 is invested in capital assets net of related debt. There is a balance in retained earnings of \$(48,505).
- The District's Governmental Funds ending fund balance as of April 30, 2024 was \$3,313,490.
- Property tax revenue increased 5.66% for receipts of \$3,126,702 and personal property replacement tax decreased \$52,090 for a total of \$136,012.
- Net pension liability decreased \$104,442 for the IMRF pension plan.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the Park District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements The *government-wide financial statements* incorporate all of the Park District's governmental and business-type activities, in a manner similar to a private-sector business, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Summary of Net Position presents information on all the Park District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Park District is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

The Summary of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Park District that are principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) or from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the Park District include general government, culture and recreation. The business-type activity would include the Salt Creek Golf Course and Clubhouse, an 18-hole executive golf course and banquet/restaurant facility, as well as 390 Golf Experience, an entertainment and learning driving range venue with gaming systems and food and beverage services.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Wood Dale Park District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. With the focus on significant balances and operations, major funds are reported individually, while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The short-term focus of governmental funds is narrower than the long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, making it useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Park District maintains individual governmental funds to control resources for individual activities or objectives. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for activities considered as major funds. Major funds are those whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets or liabilities are at least ten percent of the total for their fund category or type (governmental or enterprise) and at least five percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds. Any fund may be reported as a major fund if management considers the fund particularly important to financial statement users. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation.

Major Funds

General Recreation Debt Service Capital Improvement

Non-Major Funds

Audit Paving & Lighting Special Recreation (NEDSRA) Police

Museum Liability Insurance Municipal Retirement (IMRF)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

The Wood Dale Park District adopts an annual appropriated budget. Budgetary comparison schedules are included as required supplementary information for the General Fund and Recreation Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary Funds are used to report the District's business activities in enterprise funds. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund called an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, with more detail. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for the Salt Creek Golf Course and Club House (a full-service restaurant and banquet facility as well as an 18-hole golf course) in addition to the 390 Golf Experience (an entertainment and learning driving range venue with gaming systems and food and beverage services).

Notes to the Financial Statements Additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements is provided in the notes to the financial statements.

Other Information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Park District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees, and the aforementioned budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and Recreation Fund. Other supplementary information is included by fund for receivables, payables, transfers and payments within the reporting entity.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

A condensed version of the Summary of Net Position as of April 30, 2024 and 2023 is shown in Table 1 and includes information for the governmental activities and Table 2 for Business-Type activities.

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024 the largest portion of the Park District's net position, 77%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less the related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. This is an increase of 1% from the prior year. The Park District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Park District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Table 1 SUMMARY OF NET POSITIONS

	 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
				I	ncrease				
Assets	 2024		2023	(Decrease)					
Cash & Investments	\$ 3,250,607	\$	3,607,153	\$	(356,546)				
Current and Other Assets	3,683,192		3,472,696		210,496				
Capital Assets	 9,488,075		9,515,339		(27,264)				
Total Assets	16,421,874		16,595,188		(173,314)				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,182,896		1,400,637		(217,741)				
Liabilities									
Current & Other Liabilities	324,050		284,448		39,602				
Long Term Liabilities									
Due Within One Year	628,646		474,607		154,039				
Due In More Than One Year	 3,690,136		4,012,144		(322,008)				
Total Liabilities	 4,642,832		4,771,199		(128,367)				
Deferred Inflow of Resource	 3,928,795		3,900,666		28,129				
Net Positions:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets,	6,989,493		6,919,524		69,969				
Restricted	687,509		717,185		(29,676)				
Unrestricted	 1,356,141		1,687,251		(331,110)				
Total Net Positions	\$ 9,033,143	\$	9,323,960	\$	(290,817)				

Cash is lower due to increased expenses during the current year, This is due to the transfers out to golf operations for deferred maintenance and capital asset projects. For recreation a new ADA bus was purchased and a new 2023 Dump Truck that was on back order was finally delivered.

The District had a bond sale for \$574,920, Series 2023, during the year to benefit park and facility improvement renovation. Payment on principal on the 2023 Series bond will begin in fiscal year 2024. Outstanding bond debt is \$2,595,815, a decrease of \$5,531. Other long-term liabilities include retirement obligations of which were \$1,890,936 at year end. Overall liability increased \$1,382,441.

Net position decreased \$290,817 with capital assets net of the related debt incurred with obtaining those assets, they are 74% of the overall position. Funds available to use for ongoing operations was \$2,043,650 Of that amount, \$687,509 is restricted to specific categories of operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Table 2SUMMARY OF NET POSITIONS

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Assets	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 641,987	\$ 298,489	\$ 343,498						
Capital Assets	5,368,038	5,005,574	362,464						
Total Assets	6,010,025	5,304,063	705,962						
Liabilities									
Current & Other Liabilities	305,137	253,086	52,051						
Due To Other Funds	291,032	291,032	-						
Long Term Liabilities									
Due Within One Year	22,879	22,426	453						
Due In More Than One Year	71,444	94,324	(22,880)						
Total Liabilities	690,492	660,868	29,624						
Net Positions:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,368,038	5,005,574	362,464						
Unrestricted	(48,505)	(362,379)	313,874						
Total Net Positions	\$ 5,319,533	\$ 4,643,195	\$ 676,338						

The largest asset the golf course has is the value of the facility and its equipment. Capital assets, net of depreciation, had an end of year value of \$5,368,038. Improvements made to the golf operational facilities were at 390 Golf Experience and Salt Creek Golf Course. Most notably renovations and repairs were for kitchen floor, phase one of pond dredging, pole installation and netting repairs. For added security new surveillance cameras were installed at Salt Creek Golf Course.

Liabilities increased from the prior year primarily from costs of 390 Experience and offset by the reduction of debt with principal payments made during the year. Overall, these liabilities increased \$29,624 during the year.

Golf course net position increased by \$676,338 and the fund had a retained earnings balance at year-end of \$(48,505).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Table 3
SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITIONS

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Revenues		2024		2023		-		ncrease ecrease)	
Program Revenues									
Charges for Services	\$	629,610		\$	585,959		\$	43,651	
Capital Grants & Donations		300,000			178,642			121,358	
General Revenues									
Property Taxes		3,126,702			2,959,191			167,511	
Replacement Taxes		136,012			188,102			(52,090)	
Other Revenues		156,411			677,815	_		(521,404)	
Total Revenues		4,348,735			4,589,709	-		(240,974)	
Expenses									
General Government		1,558,908			1,271,671			287,237	
Recreation		1,497,726			1,560,202			(62,476)	
Safety		20,901			17,525			3,376	
Retirement		494,239			230,100			264,139	
Liability & Unemployment		94,578			103,234			(8,656)	
Interest on Debt		85,229			64,401			20,828	
Bldg & Grounds		366,545			69,666	_		296,879	
Total Expenses		4,118,126	•		3,316,799	-		801,327	
Change in Net Position before Transfers		230,609			1,272,910			(1,042,301)	
Transfers In (Out)		(521,426)				_		(521,426)	
Changes in Net Positions		(290,817)			1,272,910			(1,563,727)	
Net Positions - Beginning		9,323,960			8,051,050	_		1,272,910	
Net Positions - Ending	\$	9,033,143		\$	9,323,960		\$	(290,817)	

Program revenues increased \$43,651 from the previous year's revenues.

Expenses had an increase of \$801,327, primarily due to new vehicles and equipment needed for operations and transfers for golf operation for deferred maintenance of capital asset.

Net position for the year ended at \$9,033,143 with most of that represented by capital assets additions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Table 4
SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITIONS

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Revenues		2024		2023		Increase Decrease)			
Green Fees	\$	636,665	\$	422,909	\$	213,756			
Restaurant	Ф	145,553	Ф		Ф	73,735			
		537,284		71,818 265,731		271,553			
Banquets Pro Shop Salas		38,112		30,494		7,618			
Pro Shop Sales Club & Cart Rental				<i>'</i>		,			
		120,994		132,974		(11,980)			
Land Rental		81,958		299,517		(217,559)			
Range Fees & Food and Beverage		1,290,776		1,048,460		242,316			
Interest		13,616		6,442		7,174			
Miscellaneous	47,864			(16)		47,880			
Total Revenues		2,912,822		2,278,329		634,493			
Expenses									
Golf Course & Club Operations		2,567,967		2,079,743		488,224			
Depreciation		189,943		172,857		17,086			
Total Expenses		2,757,910		2,252,600		505,310			
Changes in Net Positions before Tranfers		154,912		25,729		129,183			
Transfers In (Out)		521,426		18,250		503,176			
Changes in Net Positions		676,338		43,979		632,359			
Net Positions - Beginning		4,643,195		4,599,216		43,979			
Net Positions - Ending		5,319,533	\$	4,643,195	\$	676,338			

The golf course income generating categories increased during the year by \$634,908. Banquet revenues increased by \$271,553. Income from a land rental remained consistent based on the terms of the separation agreement. More information about the lease income can be found at Note 11.

Income from Range increased by \$242,316 as it was in operation the entire year.

Net position at year end was \$5,319,553 of which the capital assets the golf course, club house and 390 Golf Experience are 100% of that ending position. Impacting this position is the necessary capital funding investment needed for start-up of the agency's newest facility, 390 Golf Experience as described earlier on page 9.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The Park District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds The District's governmental funds provide information on short-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Park District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Major Governmental Funds

The General, Recreation, Debt Service and Capital Improvement Funds are the primary major operating funds of the Park District.

The General Fund balance as of April 30, 2024 was \$560,296 an increase of \$61,143 from the prior year.

The Recreation Fund balance of \$555,332 is a decrease of \$254,239 from the prior year. Purposeful restructuring of levies occurred and will continue to occur until fund balances are better aligned with both District policy, expected fund needs, and planned changes in operations. Of the total fund balance, \$514,681 is assigned for recreational purposes.

Capital Improvement Fund balance of \$1,499,224 is a decrease of \$73,453 from the prior year due to \$300,000 in grant funds reimbursement received from OSLAD matching grant. The total fund balance is assigned for capital improvements.

The Debt Service Fund has a \$5,551 fund balance, an increase of \$5,183 from the prior year. Debt service payments are made from tax revenues.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

The Special Recreation Fund is one of the District's non-major operating funds. Over the prior years, the District has grown the fund balance in order to finance ADA required improvements. The year-end restricted fund balance in the Special Recreation Fund was \$222,361, a decrease of \$25,449 from the prior year.

The IMRF Fund is a non-major fund with a restricted fund balance of \$137,892, an increase of \$45,908 over the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

General Budgetary Highlights

The Board of Commissioners and management of Wood Dale Park District prepared and approved an April 30, 2024 fiscal year budget. The Board approved budgetary transfers during the year to the adopted budget. All funds operated within their board approved appropriations.

Expenditure and expense budget appropriations for the year totaled \$9,061,456. The District spent \$4,118,126 on governmental activities and \$2,567,967 in business type activities. Total revenue budget for the year was \$8,326,070 while it received \$4,348,735 in governmental activities and \$2,912,822 in business type activities.

Capital Assets:

The largest portion of the Wood Dale Park District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, land improvements and equipment) less any related debts used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to users of the District and are not available for future spending.

Table 5SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Asset Type	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)					
Land (not Depreciated)	\$ 2,457,750	\$ 2,457,750	\$ -					
Construction In Process	123,770	12,645	111,125					
Land Improvements	5,431,747	5,414,622	17,125					
Building	8,241,494	8,241,494	_					
Furniture	113,481	113,481	_					
Equipment	876,421	808,487	67,934					
Vehicles	528,150	334,382	193,768					
Total	17,772,813	17,382,861	389,952					
Less Accumulated Depreciation	8,284,738	7,867,522	417,216					
Total Capital Assets,								
Net of Depreciation	\$ 9,488,075	\$ 9,515,339	\$ (27,264)					

As of April 30, 2024, the District's total capital assets in Governmental Activities was \$17,772,813, which represents an increase of \$389,952 from the prior year. Accumulated depreciation was \$8,284,738, leaving a total of capital assets net of depreciation of \$9,488,075, a decrease of \$27,264 from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Table 6
SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
					ncrease				
Asset Type		2024		2023	(Decrease)				
Land (not Depreciated)	\$	3,477,661	\$	3,477,661	\$	-			
Land Improvements		957,969		948,969		9,000			
Building		2,710,416		2,636,665		73,751			
Furniture		115,432		61,402		54,030			
Equipment		1,039,854		715,643		324,211			
Organizational Cost		147,043		147,043		-			
Construction in Process		55,350				55,350			
Total		8,503,725		7,987,383		460,992			
Less Accumulated Depreciation		3,135,687		2,981,809		153,878			
Total Capital Assets,									
Net of Depreciation	\$	5,368,038	\$	5,005,574	\$	307,114			

As of April 30, 2024, the District's total capital assets in the Business-Type Activities is \$8,503,725, which represents an increase of \$460,992, from the prior year. Accumulated depreciation was \$3,135,687, leaving total capital assets net of depreciation of \$5,368,038, an increase of \$307,114 from the prior year.

Debt

At year end, the District had \$2,498,582 in bond related debt, a decrease of \$97,233 over the prior year. The District's debt liability extends to fiscal year 2028. Principal paid down during the year was \$590,989.

Pension and retirement benefit liability totals \$1,820,200 at the end of the fiscal year. This is a decrease of \$70,736. Most of the changes were due to market valuation of investments. Retirement expenditures for the 2022 calendar year totaled \$399,210.

Economic Factors and Rates

The EAV for the District for the tax year 2023 is \$731,172,931, an increase of 7.26% from the previous tax year. Property taxes levied \$3,296,259 with a taxing rate of .4352. This rate is a slight increase from the previous year but with the increase in assessed property values, taxes levied increased 5.14%.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report was designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. We welcome community input and suggestions regarding current programming and future programming as well. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Finance Director at Wood Dale Park District, 111 E. Foster Ave., Wood Dale, IL 60191.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION APRIL 30, 2024

		MENTAL VITIES	NESS-TYPE	 TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash & Investments	\$ 3	,250,607	\$ 609,010	\$ 3,859,617
Accounts Receivable		45,887	-	45,887
Prepaid Asset		50,014	4,356	54,370
Taxes Receivable	3	,296,259	-	3,296,259
Inventory		-	28,621	28,621
Due from (to) Other Funds		291,032	(291,032)	-
Capital Assets not being Depreciated		,581,520	3,533,011	6,114,531
Other Capital Assets, (Net of Depreciation)	6	,906,555	1,687,984	8,594,539
Organizational Cost			 147,043	 147,043
Total Assets	16	,421,874	 5,718,993	 22,140,867
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			_	
Pension Payments	1	,182,896	 	 1,182,896
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		190,742	190,035	380,777
Compensated Absence		25,078	14,697	39,775
Accrued Payroll		25,230	25,722	50,952
Unearned Revenue		83,000	74,683	157,683
Long-term liabilities		,		ŕ
Due within one year		628,646	22,879	651,525
Due in more than one year	1	,869,936	71,444	1,941,380
Other Long-term liabilities				
Net Pension Liability	1	,703,280	-	1,703,280
Net OPEB		116,920	-	116,920
Total Liabilities	4	,642,832	399,460	5,042,292
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	3	,296,259	-	3,296,259
Deferred Inflows - Pension		606,049	-	606,049
Deferred Inflows - OPEB		26,487	 	26,487
	3	,928,795		 3,928,795
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6	,989,493	5,368,038	12,357,531
Restricted Assets				
Recreation		281,818	-	281,818
Safety		18,096	-	18,096
Retirement		137,892	-	137,892
Contractual		221,227	-	221,227
Debt Service		5,551	-	5,551
Paving & Lighting		22,925	-	22,925
Unrestricted	1	,356,141	 (48,505)	 1,307,636
Total Net Position	\$ 9	,033,143	\$ 5,319,533	\$ 14,352,676

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

			NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND											
				PROGRAM REVENUES				CHANGES IN NET POSITION						
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS EXPENSE		EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		CAPITAL GRANTS & DONATIONS		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			TOTAL CTIVITIES		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		<u> </u>								_				
Governmental Activities														
General Government	\$	(1,558,908)	\$	75,605	\$	-	\$	(1,483,303)	\$	-	\$	(1,483,303)		
Recreation		(1,497,726)		554,005		-		(943,721)		-		(943,721)		
Safety		(20,901)		-		-		(20,901)		-		(20,901)		
Retirement		(494,239)		-		-		(494,239)		-		(494,239)		
Liability & Unemployment		(94,578)		-		-		(94,578)		-		(94,578)		
Interest on Debt		(85,229)		-		-		(85,229)		-		(85,229)		
Building & Grounds		(366,545)				300,000		(66,545)				(66,545)		
Total Governmental Activities		(4,118,126)		629,610		300,000		(3,188,516)		-		(3,188,516)		
Business-Type Activities Golf Course / Club House TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	(2,757,910) (6,876,036)	\$	2,851,342 3,480,952	\$	300,000		(3,188,516)		93,432 93,432		93,432 (3,095,084)		
GENERAL REVENUES Taxes:														
Real Estate Tax								3,126,702		_		3,126,702		
Replacement Tax								136,012		_		136,012		
Investment Earnings								134,458		13,616		148,074		
Transfers In (Out)								(521,426)		521,426		-		
Miscellaneous								21,953		47,864		69,817		
Total General Revenues and Transfers								2,897,699		582,906		3,480,605		
Change in Net Position								(290,817)		676,338		385,521		
Net Position - Beginning								9,323,960		4,643,195		13,967,155		
Net Position - Ending							\$	9,033,143	\$	5,319,533	\$	14,352,676		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	RE	CREATION FUND	Γ SERVICE FUND	CAPITAL ROVEMENT FUND	GOVE	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOVE	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS									
Cash & Investments	\$ 740,763	\$	357,314	\$ 5,551	\$ 1,512,758	\$	634,221	\$	3,250,607
Receivables, net									
Property Taxes	1,307,294		730,146	665,766	-		593,053		3,296,259
Other	18,618		27,269	-	-		-		45,887
Prepaid Asset	9,363		40,651	-	-		-		50,014
Due From Other Funds		· —	291,032	 -	 		-		291,032
Total Assets	\$ 2,076,038	\$	1,446,412	\$ 671,317	\$ 1,512,758	\$	1,227,274	\$	6,933,799
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$ 124,209	\$	51,435	\$ -	\$ 13,534	\$	1,564	\$	190,742
Compensated Absence Payable	13,015		12,063	-	-		-		25,078
Accrued Payroll	10,081		14,436	-	-		713		25,230
Unearned Revenue			83,000	 					83,000
Total Liabilities	147,305		160,934	 	 13,534		2,277		324,050
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1,307,294		730,146	 665,766	 		593,053		3,296,259
FUND BALANCES									
Non Spendable - Prepaid Items	9,363		40,651	-	-		-		50,014
Restricted									
Recreation	-		-	-	-		281,818		281,818
Safety	-		-	-	-		18,096		18,096
Retirement	-		-	-	-		137,892		137,892
Contractual	-		-	-	-		171,213		171,213
Debt Service	-		-	5,551	-		-		5,551
Paving & Lighting Assigned	-		-	-	-		22,925		22,925
Capital Improvement	-		-	-	1,499,224		-		1,499,224
Recreational Purposes	_		514,681	_	_		_		514,681
Unassigned	612,076		-	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>		612,076
Total Fund Balances	621,439		555,332	 5,551	 1,499,224		631,944		3,313,490
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,076,038	\$	1,446,412	\$ 671,317	\$ 1,512,758	\$	1,227,274	\$	6,933,799

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES APRIL 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 3,313,490
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	9,488,075
Long-Term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(2,498,582)
Deferred outflows of resources for pension are not recognized on the governmental fund statements	1,182,896
Net pension liability is not included on the governmental fund statements	(1,703,280)
Net other post-employment benefits not reported in the governmental fund statements	(116,920)
Deferred inflows of resources for pension and other post employment benefits (OPEB) are not included in governmental fund statements	(632,536)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 9,033,143

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	RECREATION FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES	¢ 1 104 500	¢ (04.660	e (24.064	¢.	e (02.200	e 2.127.702
Real Estate Taxes	\$ 1,194,588	\$ 694,660	\$ 634,064	\$ -	\$ 603,390	\$ 3,126,702 136,012
Replacement Tax	68,006 17,332	68,006 479,452	-	-	-	496,784
Fees & Charges Rental	58,273	479,432 47,055	-	-	27.400	132,826
Interest			-	00.221	27,498	
Grants & Donations	11,022	25,105	-	98,331 300,000	-	134,458 300,000
Miscellaneous	601	11,335	-	300,000	2,515	14,451
				200.221		
Total Revenues	1,349,822	1,325,613	634,064	398,331	633,403	4,341,233
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government	1,186,181	-	-		36,980	1,223,161
Recreation	-	1,455,352	-	-	181,154	1,636,506
Safety	-	-	-	-	20,901	20,901
Retirement	-	-	-	-	203,352	203,352
Insurance	-	-	-	-	94,578	94,578
Debt Payments:						
Principal	-	-	590,989	-	-	590,989
Interest	-	-	36,715	-	-	36,715
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,177	313	-	1,490
Capital Improvements				366,545		366,545
Total Expenditures	1,186,181	1,455,352	628,881	366,858	536,965	4,174,237
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	163,641	(129,739)	5,183	31,473	96,438	166,996
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Bond Proceeds	(110,000)	(104.500)	-	(104.026)	(102.000)	(501.400)
Transfer In (Out)	(110,000)	(124,500)	-	(104,926)	(182,000)	(521,426)
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	7,502					7,502
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(102,498)	(124,500)		(104,926)	(182,000)	(513,924)
Net Change in Fund Balance	61,143	(254,239)	5,183	(73,453)	(85,562)	(346,928)
Fund Balance - Beginning	560,296	809,571	368	1,572,677	717,506	3,660,418
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 621,439	\$ 555,332	\$ 5,551	\$ 1,499,224	\$ 631,944	\$ 3,313,490

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES & CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (346,928)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds do not record accrued long-term debt interest as an expense but is recorded as an expense on the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.		47,024
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while government activities capitalize the asset and record depreciation expense to allocate those expenses over the		
estimated life of the asset.	00.000	
•	02,930)	
Capital asset disposals	12,978	
Depreciation expense (4	17,216)	(920 146)
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		(820,146)
Bond proceeds	-	
General obligation debt payment5	90,989	590,989
The change in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund net pension		
liability and OPEB is not a source or use of financial resources.	_	238,244
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	=	\$ (290,817)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND GOLF COURSE APRIL 30, 2024

GOLF COURSE FUND

ASSETS Current Assets:		
Cash & Investments	\$	609,010
Prepaid Asset	•	4,356
Accounts Receivable		
Inventory		28,621
Total Current Assets		641,987
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets		
Capital Assets not being Depreciated		3,533,011
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		1,687,984
Organizational Cost		147,043
Total Noncurrent Assets		5,368,038
Total Assets		6,010,025
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		190,035
Compensated Absence Payable		14,697
Accrued Payroll		25,722
Deferred Revenue		74,683
Due to Other Funds		291,032
Loan Payable - Current Payment		22,879
Total Current Liabilities		619,048
Non-current Liabilities		
Loan Payable		71,444
Total Non-current Liabilities		71,444
Total Liabilities		690,492
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		5,368,038
Unrestricted		(48,505)
Total Net Position	\$	5,319,533

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND - GOLF COURSE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	GOLF COURSE FUND
OPERATING REVENUES	GGER COURSE TOTAL
Green Fees	\$ 636,665
Restaurant - Club House	145,553
Banquets	537,284
Pro Shop Sales	38,112
Club and Cart Rental	120,994
Land Rental	81,958
Range Fees	1,059,751
Food and Beverage - Range	231,025
Miscellaneous	41,786
Total Operating Revenues	2,893,128
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries & Wages	1,214,366
Contractual Services	454,257
Materials & Supplies	303,462
Utilities	259,899
Insurance	136,307
Retirement	93,264
Building & Grounds	43,005
Vehicle & Equipment Repair	61,037
Miscellaneous	2,370
Total Operating Expense	2,567,967
Operating Income Before Depreciation	325,161
Depreciation	(189,943)
Operating Income	135,218
NON-OPERATING REVENUES	
Proceeds from Sale of Property	6,078
Interest Income	13,616
Total Non-Operating Revenues	19,694
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	154,912
Operating Transfer from Other Funds	521,426
Changes in Net Position	676,338
Net Position - Beginning	4,643,195
Net Position - Ending	\$ 5,319,533

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND – GOLF COURSE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Salaries and Wages Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 2,769,384 (1,205,233) (1,214,366)	\$ 349,785
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES A consistion & Construction of Conital Assets	(552 407)	
Acquisition & Construction of Capital Assets Cash Received from Other Funds	(552,407) 521,426	
	6,078	
Disposal of Capital Assets Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related	 0,078	
Financing Activities		(24,903)
Financing Activities		(24,903)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on Investments		 13,616
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		338,498
Cash Balances - Beginning		 270,512
Cash Balances - Ending		\$ 609,010
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Income (Loss)		\$ 135,218
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)		
Provided by Operating Activities -		
Depreciation	189,943	
Change in Assets and Liabilities-		
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables	-	
Increase (Decrease) in Payables	81,360	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue	(51,736)	
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Assets	(529)	
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory	 (4,471)	
Total Adjustments		 214,567
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		\$ 349,785

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Wood Dale Park District operates under a Board of Commissioners - Director form of government. The District's major operations include community leisure time and recreational service offering a variety of programs.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The financial statements of the District are only for funds of the District, as the District has no oversight responsibility for any other governmental entity since no other entities are considered to be controlled by or dependent on the District. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding and appointment of the respective government Board. Based on these criteria, there are no additional organizations included in the accompanying financial statements.

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District's general administrative services, special revenue, capital improvement, and debt service are classified as governmental activities. The District's Golf Course, Club House, and 390 Experience are considered business-type activities. Governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support, are reported separately from the government activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, receipts and disbursements. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

GASB Statement No.34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, receipts and disbursements of fund category) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, receipts and disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category type; and

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, receipts and disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The following fund types are used by the District:

- 1. Governmental Funds The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:
 - A. General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
 - B. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
 - C. Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.
 - D. Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the purchase, acquisition, and construction of major capital facilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2. Proprietary Fund Type

Golf Course Fund - The Golf Course Fund is used to account for the operations of the Salt Creek Golf Course. The Salt Creek Golf Course comprises an 18-hole facility with a club house that provides a restaurant and banquet facilities that are open to the public. The 390 Golf Experience opened in November 2021. The 390 Golf Experience comprises a driving range, restaurant, bar and banquet facility. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that (a) the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

- 3. Major and Non-major Funds The funds are further classified as major or non-major funds.
 - a. Major Funds

General Fund
Recreation Fund
Debt Service Fund
Capital Improvement Fund
Golf Course Fund

b. Non-major Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

Audit

Special Recreation

Municipal Retirement

Museum

Paving and Lighting

Police

Liability Insurance

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus refers to the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund, if any, financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes levied are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are received. Taxes levied but not collected are recorded as deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues/expenses include all revenues/expenses directly related to providing enterprise fund services. Incidental revenues/expenses are reported as non-operating.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for real estate taxes, see Note 4. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes, investment earnings, and charges for services are the primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual. All other revenues are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Resources not available to finance expenditures and commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred inflows or a reservation of fund equity. Liabilities for claims, judgments, and pension contributions, which will not be currently liquidated using expendable available financial resources are included as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements but are excluded from the governmental funds' financial statements. The related expenditures are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when the liabilities are liquidated.

The District reports unearned and unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Unearned and unavailable revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet the measurable, available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned and unavailable revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) D. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS

- Cash and Cash Equivalents The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and include demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with short-term investments and displayed as cash in all funds including the statement of cash flows for the proprietary enterprise fund.
- 2. <u>Investments</u> Investments are required to be recorded at fair value as determined by GASB Statement No. 72. Fair value measurement amounts are based on a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability at year end. Investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. The District only has investments of less than one year, nonnegotiable certificates of deposits, or other nonparticipating investments which are stated at cost or amortized cost. The District did not hold any investments that were required to be measured at fair value as of April 30, 2024. These investments were recorded as cash and cash equivalents on the financial statements.
- 3. <u>Receivables</u> All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.
- 4. <u>Inventories</u> Inventory held by Golf Course Fund are valued at cost. Cost has been determined using the first in, first out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded based on year-end physical balances. No inventories are recorded in the General Fund.
- 5. <u>Prepaid Items / Expenses</u> Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.
- 6. <u>Capital Assets</u> Capital assets, which include property, building materials, furniture and equipment are reported in the government- wide financial statements.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost or materially grouped cost of \$5,000 or more which have an estimated useful life of two years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Items that do not meet the above criteria are treated as an expense in the current period.

Capital Assets are depreciated by the straight line method of depreciation using the following schedule of estimated useful life:

Type of Asset	Life in Years
Building	40
Building Improvements	20
Materials	5-7
Furniture & Equipment	5-7
Computer & Electronics	3-5

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) D. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS (continued)

Depreciation of capital assets as an expense for each year of useful life of an asset or group of assets are calculated using the straight-line method. Depreciation is calculated for all capital assets except land and possibly artwork, collections, and historical treasures.

Annual depreciation = <u>Total cost - residual value</u> Estimated useful life

Unless an asset is specific to a Special Revenue Fund, all capitalized assets and depreciation expense are disclosed in the General Fund.

Infrastructure

Infrastructure assets are generally assets that have a significantly longer useful life than normal capital assets and are stationary in nature, sure as roads, bridges, tunnels, water systems, etc. The District does not own any asset that would be classified as infrastructure. The possibility that the District would obtain or construct infrastructure assets in the future is remote.

- 7. <u>Long-Term Debt</u> In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued and is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt services expenditures. Long-Term liabilities for the Enterprise Fund (Golf Course and Club House) are reported within that fund.
- 8. <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u> During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.
- 9. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>: Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.
- 10. Compensated Absences Full time employees of the District may earn up to 25 days of vacation per year. Unused vacation days of up to 10 days may carry over to the next year. The maximum number of vacation days an employee can be paid for in one year is 35 days. Terminated employees are paid for earned but unused vacation days. Sick leave is earned by full time employees at the rate of 12 days per year. For sick days that exceed 45 days, the employee may elect to be compensated at 25% of their pay rate in cash for up to 12 days or they may elect to accumulate up to 240 days to be used in the future. Accrued sick leave is not paid at time of separation. Vacation days accrued have been recorded as a liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) D. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS (continued)

11. Fund Balance / Net Position – Governmental Funds' equity are classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Non-spendable fund balance is reported for amounts that are either not in spendable forms or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Board of Commissioners, which is considered the District's highest level of decision making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the District board. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The District has established fund balance reserve policies in its General Fund between 25% to 50% of net annual budgeted expenditures. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Executive Director through the approved fund balance policy of the District. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund and any deficits in other funds, if any, are reported as unassigned.

The District's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the District considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net positions are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets represents the District's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital asset. Unrestricted net positions consist of assets that do not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

- 12. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time.
- 13. <u>Post-Employment Benefits</u> The District offers defined benefit OPEB benefits through the PDRMA Health Plan, administered by PDRMA, a public entity risk pool. The OPEB plan is not administered by a Trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. A net OPEB liability is recorded in the government-wide financials statements but not in the governmental fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Deficit Fund Balances</u>

At April 30, 2024, no fund had a deficit balance.

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances

Fund		Due From		Due To
		Other Funds		Other Funds
Recreation	\$	291,032	\$	-
Golf Course		-		291,032
Total Interfund Balances		291,032		291,032

Interfund balances are temporary in nature and are expected to be repaid in the next fiscal year. However, the Golf Course has needed an influx of funds in order to continue operating. The Park District recognizes the fact that the Golf Course Fund is categorized as an Enterprise Fund and as such is expected to cover its operational costs without any tax funds. Additionally, it recognizes that the golf industry has been suffering from a decline in golf participation and an apparent oversaturation of golf courses in the region. As a result, the Park District has for more than a decade been challenged to pay down the obligations of funds borrowed from other funds. Now, with a clear vision and path for Golf Course operations that includes focusing on growing the game with youth players, the hiring of a golf professional to offer lessons, the re-investment in the course and club house facilities and focusing on gaining more wedding, banquet, and corporate club house business, the Park District is confident and committed to paying back funds borrowed as the golf course generates revenue. Plans call for this to be done over an eight year span which started in fiscal year 2018.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and Investments." The investments are governed by an investment policy adopted by the Board of Commissioners.

In accordance with the District's investment policy, the District's monetary assets may be placed in all instruments permitted by the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act. This act permits deposits and investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U. S. Treasury and U. S. Agencies, repurchase agreements of government securities, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, interest bearing bonds of any local government within the State of Illinois, and the Illinois Park District Liquid Asset Fund (IPDLAF). It is the policy of the District to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the District and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objective of the policy is safety (preservation of capital and protection of investment principal), liquidity and yield.

At year end the carrying amount of the District's deposits totaled \$3,859,617. Bank balances were \$4,008,784.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, establishes standards for accounting for investments held by governmental entities. The District invests in the Illinois Park District Liquid Asset Fund (IPDLAF) which is an external investment pool and is in accordance with Section 8-8 of the Illinois Park

District Code of the State of Illinois. IPDLAF is not SEC registered and operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a7 allows mutual funds to use amortized cost rather than fair market value to report net assets to compute share prices if certain conditions are met. Some of those conditions include restrictions on the types of investments held and restrictions on the term-to-maturity of individual investments. Amortized cost is used by external investment pools with the absence of traded or quoted prices and is compliant with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The District had \$160,922 deposited with IPDLAF.

The following table summarizes the investments and maturities recorded at fair value as of April 30, 2024:

	Fair Value		Investment Maturities		
Category		April 30, 2024	Less	than 1 Year	
Certificates of Deposits	\$	110,814	\$	110,814	
Total	\$	110,814	\$	110,814	

In accordance with its investment policy, the District limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the District will not invest operating funds in securities maturing more than one year from the date of purchase.

In addition, the policy requires the District to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Credit Risk. Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer or a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in Federally Insured Bank Accounts and Certificates of Deposit and by having these accounts collateralized by the pledging of securities with a third party.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is that the entire amount of the District's deposits and certificates of deposit are to be covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance or collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District had all of its assets invested in bank certificates of deposit as indicated in the table above. As these certificates are generally for a duration of 1 year or less and are federally insured or have collateral pledged, the concentration of credit risk is minimized.

Concentration of credit risk - The District's investment policy limits the amount of the portfolio that can be invested in anyone investment vehicle as follows:

Diversification by Instrument	Percent of Portfolio
Cash and Checking	0 - 25%
Money Market Funds	0 - 90%
Certificates of Deposit	0 - 90%
US Treasury Notes and	
US Govt. Agency Securities	0 - 90%

As of April 30, 2024, the District held Cash and Checking amounts which exceeded its policy.

Diversification by Instrument

Monies deposited at a financial institution

No more than 75% of the capital stock and surplus of that institution

The District's investment policy specifically prohibits the use of or the investment in derivatives.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES

Due to the tax billing cycles, property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year that bills are sent out. Accordingly, the 2022 taxes levied in December 2022 and due in June and September of 2023 have been recorded as current property tax revenue in fiscal year 2024. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st as of the year of the levy.

Taxes are levied in December of the prior fiscal year and are payable in two installments on June 1 and September 1. Property taxes are billed and collected by DuPage County which, in turn, remits them to the District. Payments are made by the County during the period June through December. A final settlement payment is made on the following February 1. Taxes levied in December 2023 will be collected in June through December 2024, which falls into fiscal year 2025. Taxes levied but not collected have been recorded as a deferred inflow

Based upon collection histories, the District has provided no allowance for uncollectible real property taxes at April 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

The District records capital assets in the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. Although the District had obtained most of its Governmental Funds capital assets in past years, they were not recorded until fiscal year 2005.

Governmental activities capital assets activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Balance	Additions	Deletion	Balance
Capital Assets - Not Depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,457,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,457,750
Construction In Process	12,645	111,125		123,770
	2,470,395	111,125		2,581,520
Capital Assets - Depreciated				
Land Improvement	5,414,622	17,125	-	5,431,747
Buildings	8,241,494	-	-	8,241,494
Furniture	113,481	-	-	113,481
Equipment	808,487	80,912	12,978	876,421
Vehicles	334,382	193,768	· -	528,150
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	14,912,466	291,805	12,978	15,191,293
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvement	3,589,567	170,165	-	3,759,732
Buildings	3,159,573	187,022	-	3,346,595
Furniture	107,741	1,640	_	109,381
Equipment	727,250	21,016	12,978	735,288
Vehicles	283,391	50,351		333,742
Total Accumulated Depreciation	7,867,522	430,194	12,978	8,284,738
Capital Assets Depreciated,				
Net of Depreciation	7,044,944	(138,389)	_	6,906,555
Net of Depreciation	7,044,344	(130,309)		0,900,333
Total Capital Assets,				
Net of Depreciation	\$ 9,515,339	\$ (27,264)	\$ -	\$ 9,488,075

Depreciation recorded during fiscal year April 30, 2024 was allocated to the following funds:

General Fund	\$ 250,896
Recreation Fund	 179,298
	\$ 430,194

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (continued)

Business-type activities capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - GOLF COURSE	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletion	Ending Balance	
Capital Assets Not Depreciated					
Land	\$ 3,477,661	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,477,661	
Organizational Cost	147,043	-	-	147,043	
Construction in Process	-	55,350		55,350	
	3,624,704	55,350		3,680,054	
Capital Assets Depreciated					
Land Improvement	948,969	9,000	-	957,969	
Buildings	2,636,665	73,751	-	2,710,416	
Furniture & Fixtures	61,402	54,030	-	115,432	
Equipment	715,643	360,276	36,065	1,039,854	
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	4,362,679	497,057	36,065	4,823,671	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Land Improvement	832,461	27,477	-	859,938	
Buildings	1,560,248	87,827	-	1,648,075	
Furniture & Fixtures	61,402	3,859	-	65,261	
Equipment	527,698	70,780	36,065	562,413	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,981,809	189,943	36,065	3,135,687	
Capital Assets Depreciated, Net of Depreciation	1,380,870	307,114		1,687,984	
Total Capital Assets,					
Net of Depreciation	\$ 5,005,574	\$ 362,464	\$ -	\$ 5,368,038	

With the acquisition of the golf course in fiscal year 1989, the District incurred organizational costs of \$147,043. The District does not amortize these costs.

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - IMRF

Effective April 30, 2016, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. For state and local governments that contribute to a Defined Benefit (DB) pension plan administered through a trust or equivalent arrangement, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 established standards for pension accounting and financial reporting. GASB Statement No. 68 requires state and local government employers that contribute to DB pension plans to recognize the net pension liability and the pension expense on their financial statements, along with the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability and the plan's fiduciary net position. In traditional actuarial terms, this is

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – IMRF (continued)

analogous to the accrued liability less the market value of assets (not smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

This statement amends the requirements in Statement No. 27 Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50 Pension Disclosures.

Plan Description and Benefits – The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI). That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org.

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Plan Membership

Employee membership data related to the Plan, as of measurement date of December 31, 2023, was as follows:

Retired and Beneficiaries	22
Inactive, Non-Retired Members	53
Active Members	33
Total	108

Total Covered Payroll as of December 31, 2023: \$ 1,653,347

Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the District to active employees covered by the Plan.

Contributions - As set by statute, the employer regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2023 was 12.06%. For calendar year 2024, was rate is 11.32%. Employer contributions to the Plan for the calendar year 2023 were \$199,190. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – IMRF (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions

At April 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,703,280 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's portion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

Pension expense recognized in the government-wide financial statements of this report for the period of April 30, 2024 for the District was \$16,205.

Future Pension Expenses as of April 30, 2024:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Net Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and						
actual experience	\$	127,709	\$	4,835	\$	122,874
Assumption Changes		-		11,697		(11,697)
Net difference between projected						
earnings on pension plan investments		985,305		589,517		395,788
Contributions made after December 31, 2023		69,882				69,882
Total	\$	1,182,896	\$	606,049	\$	576,847

The \$69,882 of deferred outflows of resources results from the District's total contributions subsequent to the measurement date of December, 31, 2023 and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending April 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Net Defe	Net Deferred Outflows			
December 31	of R	esources			
2024	\$	177,973			
2025		179,598			
2026		273,856			
2027		(54,580)			
2028		-			
Thereafter					
Total	\$	576,847			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – IMRF (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumption used to Determine Total Pension Liability:

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.85% to 13.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to

an experience study of the period 2020-2022.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-

median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and

future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

A detailed description of the actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the December 31, 2023 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund annual actuarial valuation report.

Single Discount Rate -

GASB Statement No. 68 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the total pension liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" rate is required, as described in the following paragraph.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – IMRF (continued)

The Single Discount Rate is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. Tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%; the municipal bond rate is 3.77%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Discount Rate Sensitivity - The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25% as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

1% Decrease		Rate Assumption		1% Increase	
6.25%		7.25%		8.25%	
\$	10,464,612	\$	9,417,741	\$	8,578,227
	(7,714,461)		(7,714,461)		(7,714,461)
\$	2,750,151	\$	1,703,280	\$	863,766
	\$	6.25% \$ 10,464,612 (7,714,461)	6.25% \$ 10,464,612 \$ (7,714,461)	6.25% 7.25% \$ 10,464,612 \$ 9,417,741 (7,714,461) (7,714,461)	\$ 10,464,612 \$ 9,417,741 \$ (7,714,461) (7,714,461)

Current Changes in Net Pension Liability -

		tal Pension Liability (a)	n Fiduciary et Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	8,909,345	\$ 7,101,623	\$	1,807,722	
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		141,598	-		141,598	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		634,790	-		634,790	
Differences Between Expected and Actual		199,246	-		199,246	
Changes of Assumptions		(18,390)	-		(18,390)	
Contributions - Employer		-	199,190		(199,190)	
Contributions - Employees		-	74,401		(74,401)	
Net Investment Income		-	781,644		(781,644)	
Benefit Payments, including refunds		-			-	
of Employee Contributions		(448,848)	(448,848)		-	
Other (Net Transfer)			6,451		(6,451)	
Net Changes		508,396	 612,838		(104,442)	
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$	9,417,741	\$ 7,714,461	\$	1,703,280	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 7 - DEBT SERVICE

Summary of Bond Issues Outstanding Governmental Funds

													DUE
ISSUE	INTEREST	BA	LANCE					ACCI	RUED	BA	LANCE	W	ITHIN
DATE	RATE	4/	30/2023	ISS	UED	RI	ETIRED	INTE	REST	4/	30/2024	ON	E YEAR
General Obli	gation Limited Park	Bond											
2/7/2018	2.30% - 2.75%	\$	26,748	\$	-	\$	26,748	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
6/11/2019	2.25% - 2.55%		925,000		-		223,366		-		1,148,366		228,391
2/7/2023	2.75% - 2.95%		574,720		-		95,875		-		478,845		155,255
Capital Appr	eciation Bonds												
2/15/2008	3.89% - 4.33%		1,069,347				245,000	(4	7,024)		871,371		245,000
								· ·					
TOTALS		\$	2,595,815	\$		\$	590,989	\$ (4	7,024)	\$	2,498,582	\$	628,646

During the year the District paid \$36,715 in interest expense in the Governmental Funds.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
April 30	Principal	Interest				
2025	505,727	153,366				
2026	509,277	149,813				
2027	513,620	145,472				
2028	100,289	134,711				
Total with Accrued Interest	1,628,913	583,362				
Adjusting for Remaining Int to Accrue	422,937	(422,937)				
Total Long-term Debt	2,051,850	\$ 160,425				
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	(505,727)					
Bond Payable Long Term	\$ 1,546,123					

For full details, see Supplemental Information Section.

Long-Term Debt - Golf Course

						DUE
	INTEREST	BALANCE			BALANCE	WITHIN
	RATE	4/30/2023	ISSUED	RETIRED	4/30/2024	ONE YEAR
Land Payable	2%	\$ 116,750	\$ -	\$ 22,426	\$ 94,324	\$ 22,879

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 7 - DEBT SERVICE (continued)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

	Golf C	Course			
P	rincipal	In	terest		
\$	22,879	\$	1,655		
	23,341		1,193		
	23,812		722		
	24,292		241		
	94,324	\$	3,811		
	(22,879)				
\$	71,445				
		Principal \$ 22,879 23,341 23,812 24,292 94,324 (22,879)	\$ 22,879 \$ 23,341 23,812 24,292 94,324 \$ (22,879)		

NOTE 8 - LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

		Non
		Referendum
	Total Debt	Debt
Assessed Valuation	_	
2023 Tax Year	\$731,172,931	\$ 731,172,931
Statutory Debt Limitation Percentage	2.875%	0.575%
Current Debt Limitation	21,021,222	4,204,244
D to g the control		
Debt Subject to Limit	2.420.020	2 420 020
Total Bonded Debt with Accrued Interest	2,428,029	2,428,029
Less: Installment Contracts		
Less. Histailment Contracts	-	-
Net Debt Outstanding	2,428,029	2,428,029
The Beer e distanting	2,120,029	2, .20,029
Legal Debt Margin Remaining	18,593,193	1,776,215
	, ,	, ,
Percent Remaining	88.4%	42.2%
_		

Bonds issued as Installment Contract Certificates or Debt Certificates do not count under the non-referendum debt limit. This classification of debt does not use property tax generated revenue to pay this debt.

NOTE 9 - INSURANCE / RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and net income losses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - INSURANCE / RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Since 1991, the District has been a member of the Park District Risk Management Agency, (PDRMA) a joint risk management pool of park and forest preserve districts and special recreation associations through which property, general liability, automobile liability, crime, boiler and machinery, public officials', employment practices liability, and workers compensation coverage is provided in excess of specified limits for the members, acting as a single insurable unit.

Losses exceeding the occurrence self-insured and reinsurance limit would be the responsibility of the Wood Dale Park District.

As a member of PDRMA's Property/Casualty Program, the Wood Dale Park District is represented on the Property/Casualty Program Council and the Membership Assembly and is entitled to one vote on each. The relationship between the Wood Dale Park District and PDRMA is governed by a contract and bylaws that have been adopted by resolution of the Wood Dale Park District's governing body. The Wood Dale Park District is contractually obligated to make all annual and supplementary contributions to PDRMA, to report claims on a timely basis, cooperate with PDRMA, its claims administrator and attorneys in claims investigation and settlement, and to follow risk management procedures as outlined by PDRMA.

Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of PDRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member.

PDRMA is responsible for administering the self-insurance program and purchasing excess insurance according to the direction of the Program Council. PDRMA also provides its members with risk management services, including the defense of and settlement of claims, and establishes reasonable and necessary loss reduction and prevention procedures to be followed by the members.

The following represents a summary of PDRMA's Property/Casualty Program's balance sheet at December 31, 2023 and the statement of revenues and expenses for the period ending December 31, 2023. The Wood Dale Park District's portion of the overall equity of the pool is 0.60% or \$243,908.

Asset	\$ 60,313,775
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	1,896,306
Liabilities	(21,392,998)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	(138,153)
Total Net Position	\$40,678,930
Operating Revenues	\$ 17,472,235
Nonoperating Revenues	\$ 4,226,502
Expenditures	\$ 25,204,654

Since 93.63% of PDRMA's liabilities are reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses which are based on an actuarial estimate of the ultimate losses incurred, the Member Balances are adjusted annually as more recent loss information becomes available.

There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - INSURANCE / RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Health Insurance Risk Pool

Since February 1, 1990, the Wood Dale Park District has been a member of the Park District Risk Management Agency (PDRMA) Health Program, a health benefits pool of park districts, special recreation associations, and public service organizations through which medical, vision, dental, life and prescription drug coverages are provided in excess of specified limits for the members, acting as a single insurable unit. The pool purchases excess insurance covering single claims over \$300,000. Until January 1, 2001, the PDRMA Health Program was a separate legal entity formerly known as the Illinois Park Employees Health Network (IPEHN).

Members can choose to provide any combination of coverage available to their employees and pay premiums accordingly.

As a member of PDRMA Health Program, the Wood Dale Park District is represented on the Health Program Council as well as the Membership Assembly and is entitled to one vote on each. The relationship between the member agency and the PDRMA Health Program is governed by a contract and bylaws that have been adopted by resolution of each member's governing body. Members are contractually obligated to make all monthly payments to the PDRMA Health Program and to fund any deficit of the PDRMA Health Program upon dissolution of the pool. They will share in any surplus of the pool based on a decision by the Health Program Council.

The following represents a summary of PDRMA's Health Program's balance sheet at December 31, 2023, and the statement of revenues and expenses for the period ending December 31, 2023.

Asset	\$ 25,597,567
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	812,704
Liabilities	(7,696,413)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	(59,208)
Total Net Position	\$ 18,654,650
Operating Revenues	\$ 37,348,378
Nonoperating Revenues	\$ 729,307
Expenditures	\$ 39,999,720

A large percentage of PDRMA's liabilities are reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses, which are based on an actuarial estimate of the ultimate losses incurred.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Effective as of May 1, 2019, Wood Dale Park District applies the requirements of GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The District offers defined benefit OPEB benefits through the PDRMA Health Plan, administered by PDRMA, a public entity risk pool. The OPEB plan is not administered by a Trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

<u>Plan Membership:</u> As of the measurement date of September 30, 2023, membership consisted of the following:

Retired Members or Beneficiaries receiving benefits 1
Active Members 26
Total 27

<u>Benefits Provided:</u> The District offers medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage. Retirees pay the full premium.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total OPEB liability was measured by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Price Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases Varies from 2.89% to 9.85% by age and years of service

Discount rate 4.09%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Medical 6% graded to 4.5% over 15 years Prescription Drug 8% graded to 4.5% over 14 years

Postretirement Mortality Rates

Healthy Pub-2010 General Healthy Retiree Headcount-Weighted Below-

Median Income Mortality Tables adjusted by 106% for males and 105% for females projected generationally using Scale MP-2020.

Disabled Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables

projected generationally using Scale MP-2020.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance of September 30, 2022	\$ 83,214
Service Cost	5,227
Interest	3,542
Change of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected	
and actual experience	15,543
Change of assumptions	10,086
Benefit payments	 (692)
Net change	33,706
Balance of September 30, 2023	\$ 116,920

Note to schedule: Benefit changes – none

Changes of assumptions – In the September 30, 2023 valuation:

The discount rate was increased from 4.02% to 4.09%;

Valuation-year per capita health costs and retiree contribution rates were updated;

Trend rates on per capita health costs and contribution rates were modified

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity Discount and Health Rate— The following schedule presents the total OPEB liability as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate. Also shown is the total OPEB liability as if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates.

	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
OPEB	3.09%	4.09%	5.09%
Discount Rate	\$ 125,030	\$116,920	\$ 109,444
	6-7%	7-8%	8-9%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	\$ 106,359	\$116.920	\$ 129,521

NOTE 11 – LESSEE AGREEMENTS

Easement Land Lease – The District has a land lease agreement with DuPage County Forest Preserve District for certain land which the Golf Course occupies. This lease runs for 10 years with the last payment due on November 30, 2027. Annual payments are \$24,533.33.

Land Lease Termination Agreement - The District entered into an agreement on January 1, 2007 with a commercial tenant to lease a section of golf course land. This agreement was for a 30 year period but after 13 years, the Tenant and the District agreed to a lease termination. The land lease termination agreement runs for 36 months starting July 2020. For Fiscal Year 2024, the District received a total of \$47,222 under the agreement. The lease termination agreement has been paid in full.

Revenue from this lease termination agreement is recorded in the Golf Course Fund.

NOTE 12- JOINT GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The District is a member of the Northeast DuPage Special Recreation Association (NEDSRA), which was organized by 11 area park districts and village governmental entities in order to provide special recreation programs to the physically and mentally handicapped within their districts and to share the expenses of such programs on a cooperative basis. Each member district's fiscal year 2024 contribution is based on its pro rata share of the assessed valuation and of the gross populations. For the year ended April 30, 2024, the District contributed \$163,235 to NEDSRA.

NEDSRA's Board of Directors consists of one member from each participating district. The Board of Trustees is the governing body of NEDSRA and is responsible for establishing all major policies and changes therein and for approving all budgets, capital outlay, programming, and master plans. The District is not financially accountable for the activities of NEDSRA and, accordingly, NEDSRA has not been included in the accompanying financial statements.

Complete financial statements for NEDSRA can be obtained from NEDSRA administrative offices at 1770 W. Centennial Place, Addison, Illinois or at their website www.nedsra.org.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

NOTE 13 – GRANTS

The District entered into a grant agreement with the Illinois Department of Natural Resources in partnership with Open Space Land Acquisition and Development Grant Program (OSLAD) for \$600,000. These funds are for the new Recreation Park Complete for acquisition, development, and rehabilitation of lands for public outdoor recreational purposes. The Grant requires the District to spend its own matching funds on the project. The District received an advance payment of \$300,000 in fiscal year 2024 and was recorded in the Capital Improvements Fund. This project was started in fiscal year 2024 and the remaining balance of grant money qualified for reimbursement will be received upon completion.

NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 6, 2024, the District issued \$2,025,000 par value, 4.45%, 10-year bonds with interest payable annually on March 1st. The bonds were issued for \$2,024,315. The General Obligation Park Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source), Series 2024, were issued for the payment of land condemned or purchased for parks, for the building, maintaining, improving and protecting of the same and the existing land and facilities of said Park District.

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 10, 2024, the date the financial statements were available for issue.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

		GENERAL	FUN	ID
	ORIGI	NAL / FINAL		
	E	BUDGET	A	ACTUAL
REVENUES				
Real Estate Taxes	\$	1,172,900	\$	1,194,588
Personal Property Tax		95,000		68,006
School Revenue		7,800		17,332
Rental		35,500		58,273
Interest Earned		8,450		11,022
Miscellaneous		1,500		601
Total Revenues		1,321,150		1,349,822
EXPENDITURES				
Salaries & Wages		556,902		553,748
Contractual Services		349,097		331,856
Materials & Supplies		42,985		42,437
Utilities		73,940		60,734
Medical Insurance		93,188		87,425
Retirement Fund		43,992		42,618
Buildings & Grounds		33,050		26,679
Capital Outlay		56,315		25,043
Vehicle Repair & Supplies		18,000		15,406
Miscellaneous		500		235
Total Expenditures		1,267,969		1,186,181
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		53,181		163,641
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from sale of assets		2,000		7,502
Transfers In (Out)		(110,000)		(110,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(108,000)		(102,498)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(54,819)		61,143
Fund Balance - Beginning				560,296
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	621,439

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECREATION FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

		RECREATION	ON FU	ND
	ORIGI	NAL / FINAL		_
	E	BUDGET	A	CTUAL
REVENUES				
Real Estate Taxes	\$	681,500	\$	694,660
Personal Property Tax		95,000		68,006
Fees & Charges		604,150		479,452
Rentals		40,320		47,055
Interest Income		10,000		25,105
Miscellaneous		27,830		11,335
Total Revenues		1,458,800		1,325,613
EXPENDITURES				
Salaries & Wages		839,814		821,286
Contractual Services		209,338		170,687
Materials & Supplies		136,534		105,495
Utilities		73,780		59,227
Medical Insurance		132,889		105,385
Retirement		68,329		59,976
Buildings & Grounds		16,000		15,547
Capital Outlay		13,950		12,435
Program Supplies		78,122		91,429
Miscellaneous		4,311		13,885
Total Expenditures		1,573,067		1,455,352
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(114,267)		(129,739)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In (Out)		(124,500)	-	(124,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(238,767)		(254,239)
Fund Balance - Beginning				809,571
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	555,332

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS APRIL 30, 2024

Calendar year ending December 31,	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 141,598	\$ 132,404	\$ 113,139	\$ 120,052	\$ 112,559	\$ 98,642	\$ 124,783	\$ 134,401	\$ 144,600
Interest on the total pension liability	634,790	612,875	584,526	550,878	524,518	490,820	499,240	454,366	423,024
Benefit changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	199,246	(14,725)	94,327	248,713	45,376	137,587	(273,441)	262,331	22,855
Assumption changes	(18,390)	-	-	(62,464)	-	217,755	(177,722)	(27,296)	8,645
Benefit payments and refunds	 (448,848)	(416,897)	(404,325)	(374,890)	(270,344)	(252,247)	(291,864)	(198,149)	(135,606)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	 508,396	313,657	387,667	482,289	412,109	692,557	(119,004)	625,653	463,518
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	8,909,345	8,595,688	8,208,021	7,725,732	7,313,623	6,621,066	6,740,070	6,114,417	5,650,899
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 9,417,741	\$ 8,909,345	\$ 8,595,688	\$ 8,208,021	\$ 7,725,732	\$ 7,313,623	\$ 6,621,066	\$6,740,070	\$ 6,114,417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Employer contributions	\$ 199,190	\$ 224,677	\$ 219,110	\$ 206,211	\$ 178,743	\$ 182,434	\$ 180,484	\$ 183,554	\$ 176,969
Employee contributions	74,401	65,437	62,607	54,999	54,649	54,208	53,515	56,230	57,666
Pension plan net investment income	781,644	(1,045,932)	1,234,161	880,596	995,985	(293,068)	840,031	299,538	23,013
Benefit payments and refunds	(448,848)	(416,897)	(404,325)	(374,890)	(270,344)	(252,247)	(291,864)	(198,149)	(135,606)
Other (Net Transfer)	6,451	(26,196)	(2,609)	67,540	28,892	101,584	(91,080)	64,984	(196,139)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	612,838	(1,198,911)	1,108,944	834,456	987,925	(207,089)	691,086	406,157	(74,097)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	7,101,623	8,300,534	7,191,590	6,357,134	5,369,209	5,576,298	4,885,212	4,479,055	4,553,152
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 7,714,461	\$ 7,101,623	\$ 8,300,534	\$ 7,191,590	\$ 6,357,134	\$ 5,369,209	\$ 5,576,298	\$4,885,212	\$ 4,479,055
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,703,280	\$ 1,807,722	\$ 295,154	\$ 1,016,431	\$ 1,368,598	\$1,944,414	\$ 1,044,768	\$ 1,854,858	\$ 1,635,362
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage									
of Total Pension Liability	81.91%	79.71%	96.57%	87.62%	82.29%	73.41%	84.22%	72.48%	73.25%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 1,653,347	\$ 1,451,809	\$ 1,391,279	\$ 1,201,819	\$ 1,189,252	\$1,119,915	\$ 1,138,908	\$ 1,199,146	\$ 1,281,459
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage									
of covered Valuation Payroll	103.02%	124.52%	21.21%	84.57%	115.08%	173.62%	91.73%	154.68%	127.62%
NOTE THE 10 IN IT			 						

NOTE: This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of data will be presented.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND MULTI-YEAR SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS APRIL 30, 2024

Calendar year ending December 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 199,394	\$ 224,304	\$ 219,126	\$ 199,502	\$ 178,745	\$ 182,434	\$ 165,483	\$ 169,319	\$ 176,969
Actual Employer Contribution	\$ 199,190	\$ 224,677	\$ 219,110	\$ 206,211	\$ 178,743	\$ 182,434	\$ 180,484	\$ 183,554	\$ 176,969
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 204	\$ (373)	\$ 16	\$ (6,709)	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ (15,001)	\$ (14,235)	\$ -
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 1,653,347	\$ 1,451,809	\$ 1,391,279	\$ 1,201,819	\$ 1,189,252	\$ 1,119,915	\$ 1,138,908	\$ 1,199,146	\$ 1,281,459
Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	12.05%	15.48%	15.75%	17.16%	15.03%	16.29%	15.85%	15.31%	13.81%

NOTE: This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of data will be presented.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY APRIL 30, 2024

Measurement Date September 30,	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost	\$ 5,227	\$ 7,039	\$ 7,098	\$ 5,164 \$	4,590	\$ 4,842
Interest on the total OPEB liability	3,542	2,212	1,987	2,031	3,325	2,741
Benefit changes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Difference between expected and actual experience	15,543	(663)	(2,406)	10,717	(9,543)	0
Assumption changes	10,086	(15,968)	1,778	(5,946)	(1,770)	(2,699)
Benefit payments and refunds	(692)	(470)	(384)	(347)	(384)	(359)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	33,706	(7,850)	8,073	11,619	(3,782)	4,525
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	83,214	91,064	82,991	71,372	75,154	70,629
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 116,920	\$ 83,214	\$ 91,064	\$ 82,991 \$	71,372	\$ 75,154
Covered Employee Payroll Plan Net OPEB Liability as a % of covered employee payroll	\$ 1,602,190 7.30%	\$ 1,379,831 6.03%	\$ 1,097,672 8.30%	\$ 1,097,672 \$ 7.56%	1,008,270 7.08%	\$ 883,601 8.51%

NOTE: This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of data will be presented.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION APRIL 30, 2024

PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - IMRF

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used in the Calculation of the 2023 Contribution Rate (based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation):

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method

Wage growth Price Inflation Salary Increases

Investment Rate of Return

Retirement Age

Mortality

Other Information:

Notes

Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Non Toylor hadises 10 year relling paris

Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 20-Year

closed period

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 15 years for most employers (five employers were financed over 16 years; one employer was financed over 17 years; two employers were financed over 18 years; one employer was financed over 21 years; three employers were financed over 24 years; four employers were financed over 25 years and one employer was financed over 26 years).

5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

2.75% 2.25%

2.75% to 13.75% including inflation

7.25%

of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019. For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type

scale MP-2020.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION APRIL 30, 2024

LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets & Budgetary Accounting

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. All Annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Budgetary Data

The Board of Commissioners followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to April 1, the Director submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public meetings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to May 1st of the following year, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a Budget and Appropriation Ordinance. The Budget and Appropriation Ordinance prescribes the maximum amount to be disbursed for each of the District's funds. The legal level of control is the fund. The appropriation amount is approximately 15% higher than the budget amount. The appropriated budget amounts are used for Budget to Actual comparisons in the financial statements.
- d. Amendments to the Budget and Appropriation Ordinance:

Amendments to the Budget and Appropriation Ordinance must be made in the same manner as its original enactment through an amending ordinance.

Amendments can only be made after six months of the fiscal year, by a two-thirds vote of the Board. The Board of Commissioners may transfer any appropriation item it anticipates to be unexpended to any other appropriation item. Such transfers, in the aggregate, may not exceed 10% of the total amount appropriation in such fund.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION APRIL 30, 2024

LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Budgetary Data - continued

- e. All appropriations are made at the fund level and lapse at year end. The level of control (level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is in the individual fund.
- f. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Improvements Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All budgets are prepared based on the annual fiscal year of the District. The District does not use the encumbrance method of accounting. Budgetary funds are controlled by an integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the District. All revisions to the budget must be approved by the Board of Commissioners.

Fund expenditures that exceed appropriation budgets: NONE

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2024

				S	PECL	AL REVEN	IUE F	UNDS				TOTAL
	ΑÜ	JDIT_	PECIAL REATION	IMRF	MU	JSEUM_		VING & GHTING	<u> P</u>	OLICE_	 ABILITY SURANCE	IONMAJOR /ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS												
Cash	\$ 1	7,547	\$ 222,453	\$ 137,892	\$	60,207	\$	22,925	\$	18,522	\$ 154,675	\$ 634,221
Receivable, net	2	26,509	281,757	135,577		757		5,302		12,119	131,032	593,053
Miscellaneous			 -	 =		-		-			-	 _
Total Assets	\$ 4	14,056	\$ 504,210	\$ 273,469	\$	60,964	\$	28,227	\$	30,641	\$ 285,707	\$ 1,227,274
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ 92	\$ -	\$	570	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 902	\$ 1,564
Accrued Payroll		-	-	=		180		-		426	107	713
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$ 92	\$ -	\$	750	\$	=	\$	426	\$ 1,009	\$ 2,277
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES											
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$ 2	26,509	\$ 281,757	\$ 135,577	\$	757	\$	5,302	\$	12,119	\$ 131,032	\$ 593,053
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 2	26,509	\$ 281,849	\$ 135,577	\$	1,507	\$	5,302	\$	12,545	\$ 132,041	\$ 595,330
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted - Special Revenue	\$ 1	7,547	\$ 222,361	\$ 137,892	\$	59,457	\$	22,925	\$	18,096	\$ 153,666	\$ 631,944
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 4	14,056	\$ 504,210	\$ 273,469	\$	60,964	\$	28,227	\$	30,641	\$ 285,707	\$ 1,227,274

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

			SPECIA	AL REVENUI	E FUNDS			TOTAL
	AUDIT	SPECIAL RECREATION	IMRF	MUSEUM	PAVING & LIGHTING	POLICE	LIABILITY INSURANCE	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES Real Estate Taxes Rental Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ 33,362 - - - - - - - 33,362	\$ 270,366	\$ 249,260	\$ 2,032 27,498 	\$ 22,481	\$ 10,224 - - 10,224	\$ 15,665 - 2,515 18,180	\$ 603,390 27,498 2,515 633,403
Total Revenues	33,302	270,300	249,200	29,330	22,401	10,224	16,160	033,403
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Audit	19,855	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,855
Special Recreation	-	163,815	-	-	-	-	-	163,815
IMRF	-	-	203,352	-	-	-	-	203,352
Museum	-	-	-	17,339	-	-	-	17,339
Paving & Lighting	-	-	-	-	17,125	-	-	17,125
Police	-	-	-	-	-	20,901	-	20,901
Liability Insurance							94,578	94,578
Total Expenditures	19,855	163,815	203,352	17,339	17,125	20,901	94,578	536,965
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	13,507	106,551	45,908	12,191	5,356	(10,677)	(76,398)	- 96,438
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In (Out)		(132,000)			(9,000)		(41,000)	(182,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	13,507	(25,449)	45,908	12,191	(3,644)	(10,677)	(117,398)	- (85,562)
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,040	247,810	91,984	47,266	26,569	28,773	271,064	717,506
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 17,547	\$ 222,361	\$ 137,892	\$ 59,457	\$ 22,925	\$ 18,096	\$ 153,666	\$ 631,944

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	DEBT SERVICE FUND						
	ORIGI	NAL / FINAL					
	B	UDGET	A	CTUAL			
REVENUES		_					
Real Estate Taxes	\$	627,700	\$	634,064			
EXPENDITURES							
Bond Principal Payments		595,700		590,989			
Bond Interest Payments		32,000		36,715			
Bond Issuance Fee		-		-			
Bond Agent Fees		2,000		1,177			
Total Expenditures		629,700		628,881			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,000)		5,183			
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In (Out)		<u>-</u>					
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,000)		5,183			
Fund Balance - Beginning				368			
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	5,551			

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND					
	ORIGI	NAL / FINAL				
	В	UDGET	A	CTUAL		
REVENUES						
Grants and Donations	\$	624,480	\$	300,000		
Interest Income		40,000		98,331		
Miscellaneous Income		100,000				
Total Revenues		764,480		398,331		
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay		870,000		366,545		
Miscellaneous Expense		13,850		313		
Total Expenditures		883,850		366,858		
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(119,370)		31,473		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Bond Proceeds		-		_		
Transfers In (Out)		(92,500)		(104,926)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(92,500)		(104,926)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(211,870)		(73,453)		
Fund Balance - Beginning				1,572,677		
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	1,499,224		

PROPRIETARY FUND - GOLF COURSE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOLF COURSE DEPARTMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	GOLF COURSE DEPARTMENT				
	ORIGINAL / FINAL				
	B	BUDGET	A	CTUAL	
REVENUES					
Green Fees	\$	450,370	\$	636,665	
Proshop Sale Resale		35,000		38,112	
Club & Cart Rental		131,160		120,994	
Miscellaneous		10,810		1,447	
Total Revenues		627,340		797,218	
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries & Wages		233,867		274,860	
Contractual Services		329,577		166,213	
Materials & Supplies		127,718		97,985	
Utilities		69,514		57,375	
Retirement Fund		21,750		21,311	
Buildings & Grounds		53,290		9,464	
Miscellaneous		24,530		2,158	
Total Expenditures		860,246		629,366	
Operating Transfer from Other Funds		121,000		121,000	
Change In Net Position	\$	(111,906)	\$	288,852	

PROPRIETARY FUND – GOLF COURSE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – BUDGET AND ACTUAL 390 EXPERIENCE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	390 EXPERIENCE					
	ORIG	INAL / FINAL				
	I	BUDGET	_ A	CTUAL		
REVENUES		_				
Range Fees	\$	1,208,000	\$	964,821		
Passes		50,300		88,300		
Golf Academy		15,400		6,630		
Food and Beverage		36,000		36,000		
Food and Beverage %		165,100		195,025		
Events		206,650		206,556		
Land Rental		47,220		47,222		
Merchandise Resae		1,720		1,087		
Miscellaneous		1,000		(1,572)		
Total Revenues		1,731,390		1,544,069		
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries & Wages		558,464		515,178		
Contractual Services		243,790		178,241		
Materials & Supplies		76,680		47,728		
Utilities		154,819		169,718		
Retirement		52,155		39,804		
Building Repair & Supplies		404,000		28,538		
Equipment Repair		57,200		58,628		
Miscellaneous		-		212		
Total Expenditures		1,547,108		1,038,047		
Operating Transfer from Other Funds		379,000		388,000		
Change In Net Position	\$	563,282	\$	894,022		

SCHEDULE OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

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Corporate	\$ 740,763
Debt Service	5,551
Recreation	357,314
Special Recreation	222,453
Insurance	154,675
Capital Improvement Fund	1,512,758
Paving & Lighting	22,925
Police	18,522
Audit	17,547
IMRF	137,892
Museum	60,207
Golf Course	609,010
Total	\$ 3,859,617
Balance consists of:	
Petty Cash	\$ 6,151
Checking Account - Itasca Bank	2,156,144
Money Market	1,425,586
Illinois Park District Liquid Asset Fund	160,922
Certificates of Deposit	110,814
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Total, as above	\$ 3,859,617

SCHEDULE OF REAL ESTATE ASSESSED VALUATIONS, TAX LEVIES AND TAX COLLECTIONS FOR TAX YEARS 2020 TO 2023, INCLUSIVE

APRIL 30, 2024

TAX YEAR	2020		2021			2022	2023		
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$668,	\$668,204,533		,003,922	\$681	,666,227	\$731,172,931		
	Rate	Amount Levied	Rate	Amount Levied	Rate	Amount Levied	Rate	Amount Levied	
TAXES BY FUND									
General Corporate	0.1164	\$ 738,415	0.1190	\$ 780,645	0.1761	\$ 1,200,414	0.1725	\$ 1,306,537	
Recreation	0.1457	924,288	0.1252	821,317	0.1020	695,300	0.0964	730,146	
Bond and Interest	0.0918	582,359	0.0888	582,531	0.0931	634,631	0.0879	665,766	
Audit	0.0029	18,397	0.0024	15,744	0.0049	33,402	0.0035	26,509	
Liability Insurance	0.0303	192,216	0.0253	165,969	0.0023	15,678	0.0173	131,032	
IMRF	0.0287	182,066	0.0450	295,202	0.0366	249,490	0.0179	135,577	
Paving and Lighting	0.0001	634	0.0034	22,304	0.0033	22,495	0.0007	5,302	
Museum	0.0002	1,269	0.0002	1,312	0.0003	2,045	0.0001	757	
Special Recreation	0.0400	253,751	0.0399	261,745	0.0397	270,621	0.0372	281,757	
Police	0.0010	6,344	0.0025	16,400	0.0015	10,225	0.0016	12,119	
Social Security	0.0001	634	0.0001	656	0.0001	682	0.0001	757	
	0.4572	\$ 2,900,373	0.4518	\$ 2,963,825	0.4599	\$ 3,134,983	0.4352	\$ 3,296,259	
TAX COLLECTIONS - Current ta	NY 120# 2022 2024	1							
and prior year taxes	ix year 2023, 2024	\$ 3,126,702							
ALLOCATIONS OF COLLECTIONS	ONS BY FUND:								
General Corporate		\$ 1,194,588							
Recreation		694,660							
Bond and Interest		634,064							
Audit		33,362							
Liability Insurance		15,665							
IMRF		249,260							
Paving and Lighting		22,481							
Museum		2,032							
Special Recreation		270,366							
Police		10,224							
		\$ 3,126,702							

LONG TERM	DEBT PAYAB	LE BY GOVEI	RNMENTAL	FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUND GENERAL OBLIGATION LIMITED TAX PARK BOND, 2019 SERIES DATED JUNE 11, 2019 APRIL 30, 2024

AMOUNTS TO BE PAID

DUE DATE	INTEREST RATE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST		1100	CAL YEAR	TAX LEVY YEAR
06/15/24			\$	8,601	\$	8,601	
12/15/24	2.35%	228,391		8,600		236,991	2023
06/15/25				5,917		5,917	
12/15/25	2.45%	233,758		5,917		239,675	2024
06/15/26				3,054		3,054	
12/15/26	2.55%	239,485		3,053		242,538	2025
TOTAL PA	YABLE	\$ 701,634	\$	35,142	\$	736,776	

Original Issue: \$925,000

Paying Agent - Itasca Bank & Trust

Purpose - Purchasing, building, maintaining, improving, and protecting

Park District property.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

GENERAL OBLIGATION LIMITED TAX PARK BOND, 2023 SERIES DATED FEBRUARY 7, 2023 APRIL 30, 2024

AMOUNTS TO BE PAID

DUE DATE	INTEREST RATE	PRINCIPAL	PRINCIPAL INTEREST FISCAL YEAR TOTAL				TAX LEVY YEAR
06/15/24			\$	6,623	\$	6,623	
12/15/24	2.80%	155,255		6,623		161,878	2023
06/15/25				4,449		4,449	
12/15/25	2.75%	159,600		4,449		164,049	2024
06/15/26				2,255		2,255	
12/15/26	2.75%	163,990		2,255		166,245	2025
TOTAL PAY	/ABLE	\$ 478,845	\$	26,654	\$	505,499	

Original Issue: \$574,720

Paying Agent - Itasca Bank & Trust

Purpose - Purchasing, building, maintaining, improving, and protecting

Park District property.

DEBT SERVICE FUND LIMITED CAPITAL APPRECIATION BONDS DATED FEBRUARY 15, 2008 APRIL 30, 2024

			AMOUNTS TO BE PAID					
DUE DATE	INTEREST RATE	PR	INCIPAL	IN	TEREST		CAL YEAR TOTAL	TAX LEVY YEAR
01/01/25 01/01/26 01/01/27 01/01/28	4.17% 4.23% 4.28% 4.33%	\$	122,081 115,919 110,145 100,289 448,434	\$	122,919 129,081 134,855 134,711 521,566	\$	245,000 245,000 245,000 235,000	2023 2024 2025 2026
ACCRUED	INTEREST (NOTE)		422,937		(422,937)			
TOTAL PA	YABLE	\$	871,371	\$	98,629	\$	970,000	

Original Issue: \$1,584,275

Paying Agent - Bank of New York

Purpose - Purchasing, building, maintaining, improving, and protecting

Park District property.

Interest - No interest is due until maturity.

Note: Amounts shown in interest column is the total amount that will be due when the Capital Appreciation Bond reaches maturity. For Fiscal Year 2024, accrued interest was recorded to Bonds Payable to a total accrued interest of \$422,937.